

Section 1. Identification

: TECHNI-CLEAN 4402W
: WAW4402W
e substance or mixture and uses advised against
: Iron Sulfide Control
: 4/30/2020
: 4/30/2020
: 3
: Baker Petrolite LLC
12645 W. Airport Blvd.
Sugar Land, TX 77478 For Product Information/SDSs Call: 800-231-3606
(8:00 a.m 5:00 p.m. CST, Monday - Friday) 281-276-5400
(0.00 a.m. - 0.00 p.m. 001, workay - 1 hday 201-270-0400
: CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (U.S. 24 hour)
Baker Petrolite: 800-231-3606
(001)281-276-5400
CHEMTREC Int'l 01-703-527-3887 (International 24 hour)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (optic nerve) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	

Signal word

: Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. (optic nerve) Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Methanol Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium sulfate Ammonium chloride	20 - 30 10 - 20 1 - 5	67-56-1 55566-30-8 12125-02-9
Oxyalkylated alkylphenol	1 - 5	Trade secret.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush the eye(s) continuously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 20-60 minutes while holding the eyelid(s) open. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	:	Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash affected area with soap and mild detergent for at least 20 - 60 minutes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>ets</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	 Harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>toms</u>
Eye contact	: pain,watering,redness
Inhalation	: reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: pain or irritation, redness, dryness, cracking, blistering may occur, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: stomach pains, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: carbon dioxide,carbon monoxide,nitrogen oxides,sulfur oxides,phosphorus oxides, halogenated compounds
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium

Section 6. Accidental release measures

hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

If RQ (Reportable Quantity) is exceeded, report to National Spill Response Office at 1-800-424-8802.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from alkalis. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Methanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Absorbed through
	skin.
	STEL: 328 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	STEL: 250 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 262 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 325 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	STEL: 250 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 260 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	I WA: 260 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 200 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 325 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 250 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 260 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 2 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
Ammonium chloride	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume STEL: 20 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 20 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Fume STEL: 20 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume
Oxyalkylated alkylphenol	None.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

If OSHA permissible exposure levels are shown above they are the OSHA 1989 levels or are from subsequent OSHA regulatory actions. Although the 1989 levels have been vacated the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, Baker Hughes recommends that these lower exposure levels be observed as reasonable worker protection.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measure	2
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	 Wear chemical safety goggles. When transferring material wear face-shield in addition to chemical safety goggles. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant gloves.
Skin protection	: Wear long sleeves and chemical resistant apron to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Respiratory protection	If a risk assessment indicates it is necessary, use a properly fitted supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	:	Liquid. [Clear.]
Color	:	Colorless.
Odor	:	Alcohol
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	1.3
	:	Neat - without dilution.
Melting/freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	1	Not available.
Initial Boiling Point	1	Not available.
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F) [SFCC]
Burning time	1	Not applicable.
Burning rate	1	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	41.4 kPa (310.3 mm Hg (6 psig)) @ 54.44°C (130 F) (Reid)
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	1.029
Density	:	8.5716 (lbs/gal)
Solubility in water	:	Soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic (4.44°C): 4.4 cP
VOC	:	Not available.
Pour Point	1	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials	 Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, reducing materials and alkalis. Methanol is incompatible and may react with acetyl bromide, alkyl aluminum solutions, beryllium hydride, boron trichloride, nitric acid, cyanuric chloride, dichloromethane, diethylzinc, metals (granulated forms of aluminum and magnesium – including aluminum and zinc salts), phosphorus III oxide, and potassium tert-butoxide.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Human	500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate	LD50 Oral	Rat	248 mg/kg	-
Ammonium chloride	LD50 Oral	Rat	1220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1410 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

No available toxicity data.

Sensitization

No available toxicity data.

Mutagenicity

No available toxicity data.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

No available toxicity data.

Teratogenicity

No available toxicity data.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methanol	Category 1	Oral	optic nerve

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not applicable.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: pain,watering,redness
Inhalation	: reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Skin contact	 pain or irritation, redness, dryness, cracking, blistering may occur, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: stomach pains, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
[
Delayed and immediate effect	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: May damage fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	(gases)	(vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)

TECHNI-CLEAN 4402W					
Section 11. Toxicological infor	mation				
TECHNI-CLEAN 4402W	327.7	1111.1	Not available.	11.1	3.1
Methanol	100	300	64000	3	Not available.
Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium sulfate	500	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	0.5
Ammonium chloride	1220	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Methanol	Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1000000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/I Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate	Acute EC50 0.2 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 15 to 19.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 94 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.032 ppm Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Ammonium chloride	Acute EC50 0.07 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Hormosira banksii	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.1 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 390 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 80 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.6 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Entomoneis punctulata	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 330 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Crangonyx sp.	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 19.66 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.006 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Ictalurus punctatus	30 days

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains: Methanol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains: Methanol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains: Methanol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains: Methanol)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	111	Ш	111	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information	<u>on</u>
DOT Classification	 <u>Reportable quantity</u> 18518.5 lbs / 8407.4 kg [2158.4 gal / 8170.5 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Classification	 Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precautions	for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk ac to Annex II of MARP the IBC Code	cording : Not available. OL and
DOT Reportable Quantity	Methanol, 2160 gal of this product. Ammonium chloride, 15514 gal of this product.
Marine pollutant	Not available.

North-America NAERG

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Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 12(b) one-time export: No products were found.
	TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Formaldehyde; Ammonium chloride
United States - Clean Air A	ct Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) :

Section 15. Regulatory information

List name	Status	Ingredient name	Name on list	Conc.	
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Methanol	Methanol	20 - 30	
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Formaldehyde	Formaldehyde	0 - 0.1	

SARA 302/304

				SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name		%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Forma	ldehyde	< 0.1	Yes.	500	6.7	100	1.3

SARA 311/312

Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (optic nerve) - Category 1
	HNOC - Defatting irritant

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Supplier notification		67-56-1 12125-02-9	10 - 30 1 - 5

California Prop. 65

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including formaldehyde, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

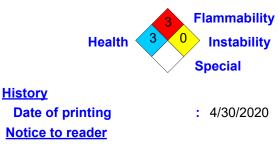
Canada

Canada (CEPA DSL):

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Section 16. Other information

NOTE: The information on this SDS is based on data which is considered to be accurate. Baker Hughes, however, makes no guarantees or warranty, either expressed or implied of the accuracy or completeness of this information.

The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of this product.

This SDS was prepared and is to be used for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.