

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: TRETOLITE™ RBW255 WATER CLARIFIER
	™ a trademark of Baker Hughes Incorporated.
Product code	: RBW255
Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Reverse demulsifier.
Print date	: 5/1/2020
Validation date	: 11/19/2018
Version	: 2.01
Supplier's details	: Baker Petrolite LLC 12645 W. Airport Blvd. Sugar Land, TX 77478 For Product Information/SDSs Call: 800-231-3606 (8:00 a.m 5:00 p.m. CST, Monday - Friday) 281-276-5400
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (U.S. 24 hour) Baker Petrolite: 800-231-3606 (001)281-276-5400 CHEMTREC Int'l 01-703-527-3887 (International 24 hour)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, lungs) - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, lungs)
Precautionary statements	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile or Neoprene gloves Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep only in original container. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.
Additional information	
Corrosive to aluminum and	steel

Corrosive to aluminum and steel.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Aluminum chloride	10 - 20	7446-70-0
Propargyl alcohol	1 - 5	107-19-7

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush the eye(s) continuously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 20-60 minutes while holding the eyelid(s) open. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash affected area with soap and mild detergent for at least 20 - 60 minutes. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.
Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: pain,watering,redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur
Ingestion	: stomach pains
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: carbon dioxide,carbon monoxide,nitrogen oxides,halogenated compounds,metal oxide/ oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	entainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

If RQ (Reportable Quantity) is exceeded, report to National Spill Response Office at 1-800-424-8802.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	L
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from
including any	direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials
incompatibilities	(see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a
	resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Keep away from metals. Keep container tightly
	closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be
	carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled
	containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See
	Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Aluminum chloride	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Notes: as Al TWA: 2 mg/m ³ , (as Al), 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: as Al TWA: 2 mg/m ³ , (as Al), 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
Propargyl alcohol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 2.3 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 1 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 2 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 1 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 2 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 1 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

If OSHA permissible exposure levels are shown above they are the OSHA 1989 levels or are from subsequent OSHA regulatory actions. Although the 1989 levels have been vacated the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, Baker Hughes recommends that these lower exposure levels be observed as reasonable worker protection.

Appropriate	engineering
controls	

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Wear chemical safety goggles. When transferring material wear face-shield in addition to chemical safety goggles. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant gloves: Nitrile or Neoprene gloves.
Skin protection	: Wear long sleeves and chemical resistant apron to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: If a risk assessment indicates it is necessary, use a properly fitted, air purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Physical state : Liquid. Color : Amber.	
Color : Amber.	
Odor : Pungent.	
Odor threshold : Not available.	
рН : 2.6	
: 5% of product in 75% isopropanol / 25% water solution	
Melting/freezing point : Not available.	
Boiling point : Not available.	
Initial Boiling Point : Not available.	
Flash point: Closed cup: >93.4°C (>200.1°F) [SFCC]	
Burning time : Not applicable.	
Burning rate : Not applicable.	
Evaporation rate : Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas) : Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or condition sparks and static discharge and heat.	ns: open flames,
Lower and upper explosive : Not available. (flammable) limits	
Vapor pressure : 6.1 kPa (45.7 mm Hg) @ 22°C	
Vapor density : >1 [Air = 1]	
Relative density : 1.259 (15.6°C)	
Density : 10.49 (lbs/gal)	
Solubility in water : Soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- : Not available. octanol/water	
Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.	
Decomposition temperature : Not available.	
Viscosity: Dynamic (25°C): 47.4 cP	
VOC : Not available.	
Pour Point : $-40^{\circ}C(-40^{\circ}F)$	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredien	its.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.	
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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and metals.

Hazardous decomposition
products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should
not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Propargyl alcohol	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit	3450 mg/kg 2000 mg/m³ 88 mg/kg 56.4 mg/kg	- 2 hours - -

Irritation/Corrosion

No available toxicity data.

Sensitization

No available toxicity data.

Mutagenicity

No available toxicity data.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

No available toxicity data.

Reproductive toxicity

No available toxicity data.

Teratogenicity

No available toxicity data.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not applicable.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
Aluminum chloride	Category 1 Category 2	Inhalation Oral	lungs central nervous system (CNS)
Propargyl alcohol	Category 2		kidneys and liver

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

- **Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: pain,watering,redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur
Ingestion	: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	:
Potential delayed effects	
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Aluminum chloride	Acute EC50 460 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1500 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.65 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 610 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Adult Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours 96 hours
Propargyl alcohol	EC50 98.1 mg/l Acute EC50 3.36 mg/l Acute LC50 4.64 mg/l	Algae Daphnia Fish	72 hours 48 hours 96 hours

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Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability					
Product/ingredient name Aquatic half-life Photolysis Biodegradability					
Propargyl alcohol	-	-	Readily		

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3264	UN3264	UN3264	UN3264
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Contains: Aluminum chloride)			
Transport hazard class(es)	8 CORRECTION	8	8	8
Packing group	Ш	Ш	Ш	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information	
TDG Classification	 Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8).
IMDG	: Emergency schedules F-A S-B
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precautions for us	Ser : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk accordin to Annex II of MARPOL an the IBC Code	
DOT Reportable Propa Quantity	argyl alcohol, 6485 gal of this product.

Section 14. Transport information

Marine pollutant

Not available.

North-America NAERG : 154

Section 15. Regu	latory in	formation		
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 1	2(b) one-time export: N	o products were found.	
	TSCA 1	2(b) annual export noti	fication: No products were fou	ınd.
	United \$	States inventory (TSCA	8b): All components are listed	l or exempted.
	Clean W	/ater Act (CWA) 307: No	products were found.	
	Clean W	/ater Act (CWA) 311: Fo	rmaldehyde	
United States - Clean Air A	ct Section 1	12(b) Hazardous Air Po	llutants (HAPs) :	
l ist name	Status	Ingradiant name	Name on list	Conc

List name	Status	Ingredient name	Name on list	Conc.
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Formaldehyde	Formaldehyde	0 - 0.1

SARA 302/304

			SARA 302 TPQ SARA 304		SARA 304 F	۲ Q
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Formaldehyde	0 - 0.1	Yes.	500	6.7	100	1.3

SARA 311/312

Classification

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Supplier notification	Propargyl alcohol	107-19-7	1 - 5

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to formaldehyde, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Canada

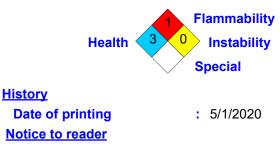
Canada (CEPA DSL):

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

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National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Section 16. Other information

NOTE: The information on this SDS is based on data which is considered to be accurate. Baker Hughes, however, makes no guarantees or warranty, either expressed or implied of the accuracy or completeness of this information.

The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of this product.

This SDS was prepared and is to be used for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.