

Section 1. Identification

Product name : PAW3900B PARAFFIN DISPERSANT

Product code : PAW3900B

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Paraffin Dispersant.

Print date : 1/19/2023

Validation date : 1/19/2023


Version : 4.01

Supplier's details : Baker Petrolite LLC
12645 W. Airport Blvd.
Sugar Land, TX 77478
For Product Information/SDSs Call: 800-231-3606
(8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. CST, Monday - Friday) 281-276-5400

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (U.S. 24 hour)
Baker Petrolite: 800-231-3606
(001)281-276-5400
CHEMTREC Int'l 01-703-527-3887 (International 24 hour)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).


Classification of the substance or mixture :  **FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS** - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :  Flammable liquid and vapor.
Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye damage.
Causes damage to organs. (optic nerve)

Precautionary statements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: W ear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile or Neoprene gloves. 4H gloves. Butyl rubber gloves.. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: I f exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. I F INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. I F SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. I F ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. I F ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. I F IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: S Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
M ethanol	20 - 30	67-56-1
Oxyalkylated alkyl phenol	10 - 20	Trade secret.
Polyoxyalkylene sulfate	5 - 10	Trade secret.
2-Butoxyethanol	1 - 5	111-76-2
Isopropanol	1 - 5	67-63-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush the eye(s) continuously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 20-60 minutes while holding the eyelid(s) open. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash affected area with soap and mild detergent for at least 20 - 60 minutes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Harmful in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : pain or irritation, redness, dryness, cracking, blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

- : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

If RQ (Reportable Quantity) is exceeded, report to National Spill Response Office at 1-800-424-8802.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.


Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in original container, protected from direct sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
<div data-bbox="105 846 224 882">  Methanol </div>	<div data-bbox="826 846 1494 1505"> <p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 328 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 250 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 262 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.</p> <p>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 325 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 250 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 260 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 200 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.</p> <p>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 260 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.</p> <p>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 325 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 250 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 260 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.</p> </div>
<div data-bbox="105 1505 409 1604"> Oxyalkylated alkyl phenol Polyoxyalkylene sulfate 2-Butoxyethanol </div>	<div data-bbox="826 1505 1494 1984"> <p>None. None.</p> <p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 20 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.</p> <p>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 24 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 5 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.</p> <p>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 240 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.</p> <p>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 120 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.</p> </div>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Isopropanol

ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).

STEL: 400 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TWA: 200 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

STEL: 1225 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.

STEL: 500 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TWA: 980 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.

TWA: 400 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 980 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

TWA: 400 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 1225 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.

STEL: 500 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TWA: 980 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

TWA: 400 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

If OSHA permissible exposure levels are shown above they are the OSHA 1989 levels or are from subsequent OSHA regulatory actions. Although the 1989 levels have been vacated the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, Baker Hughes recommends that these lower exposure levels be observed as reasonable worker protection.

Appropriate engineering controls

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

- : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

- : Wear chemical safety goggles. When transferring material wear face-shield in addition to chemical safety goggles. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

- : Chemical-resistant gloves: Nitrile or Neoprene gloves. 4H gloves. Butyl rubber gloves.

Skin protection

- : Wear long sleeves and chemical resistant apron to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Respiratory protection

- : If a risk assessment indicates it is necessary, use a properly fitted supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state

- : Liquid. [Clear.]

Color

- : Yellow.

Odor

- : Alcohol-like.

Odor threshold

- : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

pH	: 8 to 9
	: Neat-without dilution.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial Boiling Point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 31.7°C (89.1°F) [SFCC]
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	: Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Relative vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.988 (15°C)
Density	: 8 (lbs/gal)
Solubility in water	: Soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic (15.6°C): 23.7 cP
VOC	: Not available.
Pour Point	: <-42.78°C (<-45°F)
<u>Particle characteristics</u>	
Median particle size	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, reducing materials and acids. Methanol and isopropanol are incompatible and may react with chromium trioxide, acetyl bromide, alkyl aluminum solutions, beryllium hydride, boron trichloride, nitric acid, cyanuric chloride, dichloromethane, diethylzinc, metals (granulated forms of aluminum and magnesium – including aluminum and zinc salts), phosphorus III oxide, and potassium tert-butoxide.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Human	500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2.2 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	500 to 2000 mg/kg	-
Isopropanol	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	320 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	530 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>10000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6.29 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4700 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

No available toxicity data.

Sensitization

No available toxicity data.

Mutagenicity

No available toxicity data.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-Butoxyethanol	-	3	-
Isopropanol	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

No available toxicity data.

Teratogenicity

No available toxicity data.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methanol	Category 1	oral	optic nerve
Isopropanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not applicable.

Aspiration hazard

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : ☒ Harmful if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : ☒ Harmful in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
- Ingestion** : ☒ Harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : pain or irritation, redness, dryness, cracking, blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : ☒ Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : ☒ Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

- General** : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : ☒ No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PAW3900B PARAFFIN DISPERSANT	414.1	1359	Not available.	13.6	Not available.
Methanol	100	300	64000	3	Not available.
Oxyalkylated alkyl phenol	500	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
2-Butoxyethanol	530	1100	Not available.	11	Not available.
Isopropanol	4700	6290	Not	Not	Not

Section 11. Toxicological information

			available.	available.	available.
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Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Methanol	Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water Acute EC50 10000000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1000 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Algae - Ulva pertusa Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Chaetogammarus marinus - Young	96 hours 96 hours 48 hours 48 hours
Isopropanol	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l	Fish - Menidia beryllina Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Gambusia affinis	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Methanol	-0.77	<10	low
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
Isopropanol	0.05	-	low

Mobility in soil









Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Contains: Methanol, Isopropanol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Contains: Methanol, Isopropanol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Contains: Methanol, Isopropanol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Contains: Methanol, Isopropanol)
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (6.1)  	3 (6.1)  	3 (6.1)  	3 (6.1)  
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

- DOT Classification** : **Reportable quantity** 23843.6 lbs / 10825 kg [2894.4 gal / 10956.5 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
- TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.26-2.36 (Class 6).
- IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-E S-D
- Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

DOT Reportable Quantity : Methanol, 2980 gal of this product.

Marine pollutant : Not available.

North-America NAERG : 131

Section 15. Regulatory information

- U.S. Federal regulations** : **TSCA 12(b) one-time export:** No products were found.
TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted.
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: ethylbenzene; naphthalene
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: potassium hydroxide; xylene; ethylbenzene; naphthalene
- United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) :**


Section 15. Regulatory information

List name	Status	Ingredient name	Name on list	Conc.
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Methanol	Methanol	20 - 30
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Xylene	Xylenes	0 - 0.1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Cumene	Cumene	0 - 0.1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Ethylbenzene	Ethyl benzene	0 - 0.1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Naphthalene	Naphthalene	0 - 0.1


[SARA 302/304](#) : No products were found.

[SARA 311/312](#)


Classification

:  FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1
 HNOC - Defatting irritant

[SARA 313](#)

	Product name	CAS number	%
Supplier notification	 Methanol	67-56-1	20 - 30
	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1 - 5
	Isopropanol	67-63-0	1 - 5

[California Prop. 65](#)

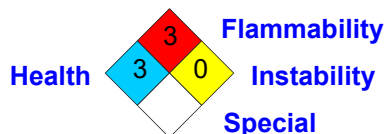
 **WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including cumene, ethylbenzene and naphthalene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

[Canada](#)

Canada (CEPA DSL): : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

[National Fire Protection Association \(U.S.A.\)](#)



[History](#)

Date of printing : 1/19/2023

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
 IATA = International Air Transport Association
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

Section 16. Other information

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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