

Section 1. Identification

: PAO3098 PARAFFIN INHIBITOR
: PAO3098
f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
: Paraffin Inhibitor.
: 1/29/2020
: 1/28/2020
: 2
: Baker Petrolite LLC 12645 W. Airport Blvd. Sugar Land, TX 77478 For Product Information/SDSs Call: 800-231-3606 (8:00 a.m 5:00 p.m. CST, Monday - Friday) 281-276-5400
 CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (U.S. 24 hour) Baker Petrolite: 800-231-3606 (001)281-276-5400 CHEMTREC Int'l 01-703-527-3887 (International 24 hour)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1



Signal word

: Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Fighly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Voluene	40 - 50	108-88-3
Cyclohexane	40 - 50	110-82-7
Petroleum naphtha	5 - 10	64742-47-8
Alkylaryl sulfonates	1 - 5	Trade secret.
Oxyalkylated alkylphenol	1 - 5	Trade secret.
Ethylbenzene	1 - 5	100-41-4
Amine derivatives	1 - 5	Trade secret.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact
- : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	🖉 an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	pain or irritation,watering,redness
Inhalation	nausea or vomiting,headache,drowsiness/fatigue,dizziness/vertigo,unconsciousness, reduced fetal weight,increase in fetal deaths,skeletal malformations
Skin contact	irritation, redness, dryness, cracking, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Ingestion	reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Additional information

If product is ingested and vomiting occurs naturally, have person lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration into the lungs.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Vse dry chemical, CO ₂ , alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Fighly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: carbon dioxide,carbon monoxide,nitrogen oxides,sulfur oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

If RQ (Reportable Quantity) is exceeded, report to National Spill Response Office at 1-800-424-8802.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure -Protective measures obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is Advice on general handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, occupational hygiene drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated including any area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store incompatibilities locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Poluene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 20 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). STEL: 560 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 560 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. CSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). AMP: 500 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 minutes. CEIL: 300 ppm, 0 times per shift, 0 hours. TWA: 200 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
Cyclohexane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 1050 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 300 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1050 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 300 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 1050 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	TWA: 300 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
Petroleum naphtha	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Absorbed through
	skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Alkylaryl sulfonates	None.
Oxyalkylated alkylphenol	None.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 20 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	STEL: 545 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 10 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	STEL: 545 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
Amine derivatives	None.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

If OSHA permissible exposure levels are shown above they are the OSHA 1989 levels or are from subsequent OSHA regulatory actions. Although the 1989 levels have been vacated the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, Baker Hughes recommends that these lower exposure levels be observed as reasonable worker protection.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Wear chemical safety goggles. When transferring material wear face-shield in addition to chemical safety goggles.
Hand protection	1	Chemical-resistant gloves.
Skin protection	:	Wear long sleeves to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Respiratory protection	:	If a risk assessment indicates it is necessary, use a properly fitted, air purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Clear.]
Color	: Orange.
Odor	: Aromatic hydrocarbon.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 7.8
	: 5% of product in 75% isopropanol / 25% water solution
Melting/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Initial Boiling Point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: -15°C (5°F) [SFCC]
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.8475 (15.6°C)
Density	: 7.06 (lbs/gal)
Solubility in water	: Insoluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic (15.6°C): 3.8 cP
VOC	: Not available.
Pour Point	: -28.89°C (-20°F)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Voluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Female rat	5100 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Cyclohexane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	6240 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Amine derivatives	LD50 Oral	Rat	>4000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

No applicable toxicity data

Sensitization

No applicable toxicity data

Mutagenicity

No applicable toxicity data

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Voluene	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

No applicable toxicity data

Teratogenicity

No applicable toxicity data

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene Cyclohexane Petroleum naphtha	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Cyclohexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Zan cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: 🗭 an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Potential chronic health effec General	 ts May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates	
Route	ATE value
✓ral Inhalation (vapors)	16313.4 mg/kg 952.6 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Voluene	Acute EC50 433 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Cyclohexane	Acute LC50 8300 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
Petroleum naphtha	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
	Acute LC50 2900 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 to 4400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5200 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
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Section 12. Ecological information

Acute LC50 4200 μg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1000 μg/l Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains: Cyclohexane, Toluene)			
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	11	11	11
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Ses. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information **DOT Classification** : This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a. **Reportable guantity** 2453.9 lbs / 1114.1 kg [347.26 gal / 1314.5 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. **TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail. IMDG The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 L$ or $\leq 5 kg$. 2 Emergency schedules F-E S-E

Section 14. Transport information

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ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precautions	for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk ac to Annex II of MARP the IBC Code	
DOT Reportable Quantity	Voluene, 348 gal of this product. Cyclohexane, 350 gal of this product. Ethylbenzene, 12266 gal of this product. m-Cresol, 1590 gal of this product. p-Cresol, 2332 gal of this product. Xylene, 6191 gal of this product. Benzene, 5703 gal of this product.
Marine pollutant	✓yclohexane Petroleum naphtha

North-America NAERG : 128

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 12(b) one-time export: No products were found. TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found. Inited States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Benzene; Toluene; Ethylbenzene; Naphthalene Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Xylene; Naphthalene; Ethylbenzene; Toluene; Benzene

United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) :

List name	Status	Ingredient name	Name on list	Conc.
Fited States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Benzene	Benzene	0 - 0.1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Toluene	Toluene	40 - 50
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Ethylbenzene	Ethyl benzene	1 - 5
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Xylene	Xylenes	0.1 - 1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Cumene	Cumene	0 - 0.1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Naphthalene	Naphthalene	0 - 0.1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	p-Cresol	p-Cresol	0.1 - 1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	m-Cresol	m-Cresol	0.1 - 1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Vinyl acetate	Vinyl acetate	0 - 0.1

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 302/304

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
o-Cresol	< 0.1	Yes.	1000 / 10000	-	100	-
Vinyl acetate	< 0.1	Yes.	1000	129	5000	644.8

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Supplier notification	Cyclohexane		30 - 60 30 - 60 1 - 5

California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including ethylbenzene, naphthalene, cumene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www. P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Canada

Canada (CEPA DSL):

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



<u>History</u>

: 1/29/2020

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Date of printing

NOTE: The information on this SDS is based on data which is considered to be accurate. Baker Hughes, however, makes no guarantees or warranty, either expressed or implied of the accuracy or completeness of this information.

The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of this product.

This SDS was prepared and is to be used for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.