

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : FORSA™ PAO3085 PARAFFIN INHIBITOR

<sup>™</sup> a trademark of Baker Hughes Incorporated.

Product code : PAO3085

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Paraffin Controller.

 Print date
 : 1/23/2020

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 : 1/23/2020

Version : 3

Supplier's details : Baker Petrolite LLC

12645 W. Airport Blvd. Sugar Land, TX 77478

For Product Information/SDSs Call: 800-231-3606

: CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (U.S. 24 hour)

(8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. CST, Monday - Friday) 281-276-5400

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

number (with hours of operation)

Baker Petrolite: 800-231-3606

(001)281-276-5400

CHEMTREC Int'l 01-703-527-3887 (International 24 hour)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) -

Category 2

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements**: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Suspected of causing cancer. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### Response

: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

**Storage** 

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Xylene	70 - 80	1330-20-7
Ethylbenzene	10 - 20	100-41-4
Acetic acid	5 - 10	64-19-7
Alkylarylsulfonic acid	1 - 5	68411-32-5

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush the eye(s) continuously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 20-60 minutes while holding the eyelid(s) open. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash affected area with soap and mild detergent for at least 20 - 60 minutes. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Ingestion

: Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin.Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : pain,watering,redness

Inhalation : nausea or vomiting,headache,drowsiness/fatigue,dizziness/vertigo,unconsciousness

Skin contact : pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur

Ingestion : stomach pains

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Mammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: carbon dioxide,carbon monoxide,sulfur oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

If RQ (Reportable Quantity) is exceeded, report to National Spill Response Office at 1-800-424-8802.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eves or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
<b>K</b> ylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).  STEL: 651 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  TWA: 434 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  STEL: 655 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).  TWA: 20 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  STEL: 545 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  STEL: 545 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
Acetic acid	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).  STEL: 37 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 15 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  TWA: 25 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  STEL: 37 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 15 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  TWA: 25 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.  TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 25 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 25 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

None.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

If OSHA permissible exposure levels are shown above they are the OSHA 1989 levels or are from subsequent OSHA regulatory actions. Although the 1989 levels have been vacated the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, Baker Hughes recommends that these lower exposure levels be observed as reasonable worker protection.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**: Wear chemical safety goggles. When transferring material wear face-shield in addition

to chemical safety goggles. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be

required instead.

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant gloves.

**Skin protection**: Wear long sleeves and chemical resistant apron to prevent repeated or prolonged skin

contact.

**Respiratory protection**: If a risk assessment indicates it is necessary, use a properly fitted, air purifying or

supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the

safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Pale yellow

Odor : Aromatic.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 2 to 4

: 5% of product in 75% isopropanol / 25% water solution

Melting/freezing point: Not available.Boiling point: Not available.Initial Boiling Point: Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 28.89°C (84°F)

Burning time : Not applicable.

Burning rate : Not applicable.

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames,

sparks and static discharge and heat.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

Vapor pressure : 22.1 kPa (165.5 mm Hg, 3.2 psig) @ 54.4°C, 130 F (Reid)

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor density : Not available.

**Relative density** 0.88

: **7**.4 (lbs/gal) **Density** Solubility in water : Insoluble Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

: Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature**: Not available. : Not available. **Viscosity** VOC : Not available. **Pour Point** : Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** 

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials** 

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, organic materials, acids and alkalis.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Male rat	3523 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Acetic acid	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1060 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3310 mg/kg	-
Alkylarylsulfonic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	1260 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

No applicable toxicity data

#### **Sensitization**

No applicable toxicity data

#### **Mutagenicity**

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

No applicable toxicity data

### **Carcinogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

### Reproductive toxicity

No applicable toxicity data

### **Teratogenicity**

No applicable toxicity data

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	hearing organs

### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin.Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Potential chronic health effects

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Route	ATE value
<b>Ø</b> ral	3900.7 mg/kg
Dermal	1471.1 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	6686.8 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	84.49 mg/l

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
₹ylene	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 to 4400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5200 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
Acetic acid	Acute EC50 73400 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 65000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 50.1 ul/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN2924	UN2924	UN2924	UN2924
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Contains: Xylene, Alkylarylsulfonic acid)			
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

### **Additional information**

**DOT Classification** : Reportable quantity 133.69 lbs / 60.695 kg [18.22 gal / 68.972 L]. Package sizes

shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ

(reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous **TDG Classification** 

Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.40-2.42 (Class 8).

**IATA** The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other

transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and

the IBC Code

**DOT Reportable** Quantity

Xylene, 18 gal of this product.

Ethylbenzene, 1038 gal of this product. Acetic acid, 6757 gal of this product.

Alkylarylsulfonic acid, 7112 gal of this product.

**Marine pollutant** Not available.

**North-America NAERG** : 132

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** : TSCA 12(b) one-time export: No products were found.

TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Ethylbenzene; Toluene; Benzene

Élean Water Act (CWA) 311: Ethylbenzene; Xylene; Toluene; Benzene; Acetic acid;

Sulfuric acid

United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs):

# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

List name	Status	Ingredient name	Name on list	Conc.
Mitted States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Ethylbenzene	Ethyl benzene	10 - 20
	Listed	Xylene	Xylenes	70 - 80
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Toluene	Toluene	0 - 0.1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Cumene	Cumene	0 - 0.1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Benzene	Benzene	0 - 0.1

### **SARA 302/304**

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Sulfuric acid	<0.1	Yes.	-	-	-	-

### **SARA 311/312**

Classification : Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Supplier notification	, <b>,</b> , , , ,		70 - 80 10 - 20

### California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Sulfuric acid, ethylbenzene, cumene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www. P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### Canada

Canada (CEPA DSL): : All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



### **History**

Date of printing : 1/23/2020

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Notice to reader** 

## **Section 16. Other information**

NOTE: The information on this SDS is based on data which is considered to be accurate. Baker Hughes, however, makes no guarantees or warranty, either expressed or implied of the accuracy or completeness of this information.

The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of this product.

This SDS was prepared and is to be used for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.