

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Product name : PAO2000 PARAFFIN DISPERSANT

Product code : PAO2000

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Paraffin Dispersant.

 Print date
 : 1/19/2023

 Validation date
 : 1/19/2023

 Version
 : 2.01

Supplier's details : Baker Petrolite LLC

12645 W. Airport Blvd. Sugar Land, TX 77478

For Product Information/SDSs Call: 800-231-3606

(8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. CST, Monday - Friday) 281-276-5400

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (U.S. 24 hour)

Baker Petrolite: 800-231-3606

(001)281-276-5400

CHEMTREC Int'l 01-703-527-3887 (International 24 hour)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Fammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Section 2. Hazards identification

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Description before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): 4H gloves. Viton gloves. Nitrile gloves.. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|----------------------|---------|---------------|
| | 60 - 70 | 1330-20-7 |
| Alkylaryl sulfonates | 10 - 20 | Trade secret. |
| Ethylbenzene | 10 - 20 | 100-41-4 |
| Toluene | 1 - 5 | 108-88-3 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause

: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness

Inhalation : nausea or vomiting,headache,drowsiness/fatigue,dizziness/vertigo,unconsciousness.

reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Skin contact: irritation,redness,dryness,cracking,reduced fetal weight,increase in fetal deaths,skeletal

malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:,reduced fetal weight,increase in fetal

deaths, skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalati

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Additional information

If product is ingested and vomiting occurs naturally, have person lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration into the lungs.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: carbon dioxide,carbon monoxide,nitrogen oxides,sulfur oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

If RQ (Reportable Quantity) is exceeded, report to National Spill Response Office at 1-800-424-8802.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in original container, protected from direct sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| ▼ylene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 655 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| Alkylaryl sulfonates Ethylbenzene | None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). STEL: 545 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 545 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. Toluene

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Ototoxicant.

TWA: 20 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).

STEL: 560 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 560 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).

AMP: 500 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 minutes. CEIL: 300 ppm, 0 times per shift, 0 hours. TWA: 200 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

If OSHA permissible exposure levels are shown above they are the OSHA 1989 levels or are from subsequent OSHA regulatory actions. Although the 1989 levels have been vacated the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, Baker Hughes recommends that these lower exposure levels be observed as reasonable worker protection.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before **Hygiene measures**

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Wear chemical safety goggles. When transferring material wear face-shield in addition

to chemical safety goggles.

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant gloves: 4H gloves. Viton gloves. Nitrile gloves.

Skin protection : Wear long sleeves to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Respiratory protection : If a risk assessment indicates it is necessary, use a properly fitted, air purifying or

supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the

safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Amber. [Light] : Aromatic solvent. Odor **Odor threshold** : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: 4 to 8

: 10% of product

Melting point/freezing point

: Not available.

Initial Boiling Point

: Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling

: Not available.

point, and boiling range

Burning time Burning rate

: Closed cup: 29°C (84.2°F) [Unknown] : Not applicable.

Evaporation rate

: Not applicable. : Not available.

Flammability

Flash point

: Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames,

sparks and static discharge and heat.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

: Not available.

Vapor pressure

: 9.7 kPa (72.4 mm Hg (1.4 psig)) @ 54.44°C (130 F) (Reid)

Relative vapor density : >1 [Air = 1] Relative density : 0.894 (15.6°C) **Density** Solubility in water

: 7.45 (lbs/gal)

Partition coefficient: n-

: Insoluble

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature

: Not available. : Not available. : Not available.

VOC **Pour Point**

Viscosity

: Not available. : -29°C (-20.2°F)

Particle characteristics

Median particle size

: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-------------------------|----------|
| | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 5000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 29 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 20000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >1700 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Male rat | 3523 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3287 mg/kg | - |
| Ethylbenzene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 15400 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |
| Toluene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Female rat | 5100 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 19 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 49000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4328 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

No available toxicity data.

Sensitization

No available toxicity data.

Mutagenicity

No available toxicity data.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|---------|-----|
| Kylene Ethylbenzene | - | 3 2B | - |
| Toluene | - | 3 | - |

Reproductive toxicity

No available toxicity data.

Teratogenicity

No available toxicity data.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ▼ylene Toluene | Category 3 Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|-------------------|---|
| ▼ylene Toluene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact

: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation.watering.redness

Inhalation

: nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness,

reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Skin contact

: irritation,redness,dryness,cracking,reduced fetal weight,increase in fetal deaths,skeletal

malformations

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal

deaths.skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity

: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ l) |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| PAO2000 PARAFFIN DISPERSANT | 3681.9 | 1578.2 | 7173.6 | 90.6 | Not available. |
| Xylene | 3287 | 1100 | 5000 | 29 | Not available. |
| Alkylaryl sulfonates | 500 | | Not available. | Not available. | Not available. |
| Ethylbenzene | 3500 | 15400 | Not available. | 11 | Not available. |
| Toluene | 4328 | Not | Not | 49 | Not |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | available. | available. | available. |
|--|------------|------------|------------|

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--|---|----------|
| | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes | 48 hours |
| | | pugio | |
| | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| Ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 4600 μg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 2930 to 4400 μg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 5200 μg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
| Toluene | Acute EC50 433 ppm Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 12500 μg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 11600 μg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 500000 μg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days |

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------|
| Kylene Ethylbenzene Toluene | 3.12 3.6 2.73 | 8.1 to 25.9 - 90 | low low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| UN number | UN1993 | UN1993 | UN1993 | UN1993 |
| UN proper shipping name | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains: Xylene, Toluene) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | III | III | II |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |

Additional information

DOT Classification

: Reportable quantity 143.47 lbs / 65.136 kg [19.247 gal / 72.859 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

TDG Classification

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

IMDG

: Emergency schedules F-E S-E

IATA

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available. to IMO instruments

DOT Reportable

Xylene, 19 gal of this product.

Quantity

Ethylbenzene, 1106 gal of this product. Toluene, 3688 gal of this product.

Marine pollutant

Not available.

North-America NAERG

: 128

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 12(b) one-time export: No products were found.

TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: ethylbenzene; toluene; benzene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: xylene; ethylbenzene; toluene; benzene

United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs):

| List name | Status | Ingredient name | Name on list | Conc. |
|--|--------|-----------------|---------------|---------|
| inited States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | Listed | Xylene | Xylenes | 60 - 70 |
| United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | Listed | Ethylbenzene | Ethyl benzene | 10 - 20 |
| United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | Listed | Toluene | Toluene | 1 - 5 |
| United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | Listed | Cumene | Cumene | 0 - 0.1 |
| United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | Listed | Benzene | Benzene | 0 - 0.1 |

SARA 302/304

SARA 311/312

Classification

: No products were found.

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2**

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

HNOC - Defatting irritant

SARA 313

| | Product name | CAS number | % |
|-----------------------|--------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| Supplier notification | Ethylbenzene | | 60 - 70 10 - 20 1 - 5 |

California Prop. 65



🔼 📈 ARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including ethylbenzene and cumene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www. P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Canada

Canada (CEPA DSL): : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



History

Date of printing : 1/19/2023

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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