

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Product name : TRETOLITE™ DMO5169Y DEMULSIFIER

™ a trademark of Baker Hughes Incorporated.

Product code : DMO5169Y

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Demulsifier.

Print date : 1/13/2023 : 1/13/2023 Validation date Version 2.01

Supplier's details : Baker Petrolite LLC

> 12645 W. Airport Blvd. Sugar Land, TX 77478

For Product Information/SDSs Call: 800-231-3606

(8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. CST, Monday - Friday) 281-276-5400

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (U.S. 24 hour)

Baker Petrolite: 800-231-3606

(001)281-276-5400

CHEMTREC Int'l 01-703-527-3887 (International 24 hour)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2**

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

: Combustible liquid. **Hazard statements**

Causes skin irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile or Neoprene gloves. 4H gloves.. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Hazards not otherwise	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

classified

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
⊮ eavy aromatic naphtha	50 - 60	64742-94-5
Light aromatic naphtha	5 - 10	64742-95-6
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5 - 10	95-63-6
Naphthalene	5 - 10	91-20-3
Alkylaryl sulfonate	1 - 5	Trade secret.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1 - 5	108-67-8
Cumene	0.1 - 1	98-82-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Skin contact

Ingestion

DOGGI PUI OI HOGGGGG	THI OT WITH THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER	
Eve contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of wa	ter occasionally lifting the ur
Eye contact	. Illiliediately liusifieges with pierity of wa	iei, occasionally litting the up

upper and lower eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:,pain or irritation,watering,redness

Inhalation : nausea or vomiting,headache,drowsiness/fatigue,dizziness/vertigo,unconsciousness

Skin contact: irritation,redness,dryness,cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Additional information

If product is ingested and vomiting occurs naturally, have person lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration into the lungs.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, halogenated compounds

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

If RQ (Reportable Quantity) is exceeded, report to National Spill Response Office at 1-800-424-8802.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in original container, protected from direct sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Heavy aromatic naphtha Light aromatic naphtha 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	None. None. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 125 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 125 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Naphthalene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 52 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). STEL: 75 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 75 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
Alkylaryl sulfonate 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 123 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 125 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 125 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
Cumene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 5 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 245 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 245 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 245 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

If OSHA permissible exposure levels are shown above they are the OSHA 1989 levels or are from subsequent OSHA regulatory actions. Although the 1989 levels have been vacated the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, Baker Hughes recommends that these lower exposure levels be observed as reasonable worker protection.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Wear chemical safety goggles. When transferring material wear face-shield in addition

to chemical safety goggles.

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant gloves: Nitrile or Neoprene gloves. 4H gloves.

Skin protection: Wear long sleeves to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Respiratory protection: If a risk assessment indicates it is necessary, use a properly fitted, air purifying or

supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the

safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Amber.

Odor : Aromatic hydrocarbon.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 4

: 5% in IPA/water

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial Boiling Point : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: 63.3°C (145.9°F) [PMCC]

Burning time : Not applicable.

Burning rate : Not applicable.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability : Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks

and static discharge and heat.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

: Not available.

: 15.2 kPa (113.8 mm Hg (2.2 psig)) @ 54.44°C (130 F) (Reid) Vapor pressure

Relative vapor density >1 [Air = 1] **Relative density** : 0.921 (15.6°C) : 7.67 (lbs/gal) **Density** Solubility in water : Insoluble Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature**: Not available. : Not available. **Viscosity** VOC : Not available. : <-40°C (<-40°F) **Pour Point**

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
⊮ eavy aromatic naphtha	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>11.4 mg/l	6 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Light aromatic naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	2900 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours

Section 11. Toxicological information

	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	_	
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	10000 mg/m ³	7 hours	
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10600 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.9 g/kg	_	

Irritation/Corrosion

No available toxicity data.

Sensitization

No available toxicity data.

Mutagenicity

No available toxicity data.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
N aphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
Cumene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

No available toxicity data.

Teratogenicity

No available toxicity data.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
⊮eavy aromatic naphtha	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Light aromatic naphtha	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not applicable.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
⊮ eavy aromatic naphtha	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light aromatic naphtha	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

Skin contact

: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:,pain or irritation,watering,redness

Inhalation : nausea or vomiting, headache, drows in ess/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness

Skin contact : irritation,redness,dryness,cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
PRETOLITE™ DMO5169Y DEMULSIFIER	7937.9	Not available.	Not available.	264.6	Not available.
Heavy aromatic naphtha	3200	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Light aromatic naphtha	2900	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5000	Not available.	Not available.	18	Not available.
Naphthalene	500	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	5000	Not available.	Not available.	24	Not available.
Cumene	2900	10600	Not available.	39	Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
7,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus	48 hours
	Acute LC50 22.4 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Tilapia zillii	96 hours
Naphthalene	EC50 2.96 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	EC50 2.16 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 1.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 12520 to 15050 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Cumene	Acute EC50 2600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute LC50 7400 to 11290 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 30500 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
⊮ eavy aromatic naphtha	2.8 to 6.5	99 to 5780	high
Light aromatic naphtha	-	10 to 2500	high
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	243	low
Naphthalene	3.4	36.5 to 168	low
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	3.42	161	low
Cumene	3.55	94.69	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	NA1993	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	Combustible liquid, n.o. s. (Contains: Heavy aromatic naphtha, Light aromatic naphtha)	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	Combustible liquid.	-	-	-
Packing group	III	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

DOT Classification

: Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.

Reportable quantity 1587.6 lbs / 720.77 kg [206.74 gal / 782.59 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

DOT Reportable Naphthalene, 207 gal of this product. Quantity Xylene, 1659 gal of this product.

Not available. **Marine pollutant**

North-America NAERG : 128

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 12(b) one-time export: No products were found.

TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: naphthalene; ethylbenzene; toluene; benzene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Naphthalene; Xylene; Ethylbenzene

United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs);

Section 15. Regulatory information

List name	Status	Ingredient name	Name on list	Conc.
inited States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Naphthalene	Naphthalene	5 - 10
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Xylene	Xylenes	0.1 - 1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Cumene	Cumene	0.1 - 1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Ethylbenzene	Ethyl benzene	0 - 0.1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Toluene	Toluene	0 - 0.1
United States - Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	Benzene	Benzene	0 - 0.1

SARA 302/304

: No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

HNOC - Defatting irritant

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Supplier notification	Naphthalene	91-20-3	5 - 10 5 - 10 0.1 - 1

California Prop. 65



MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including naphthalene, cumene and ethylbenzene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Canada

Canada (CEPA DSL): : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



History

Date of printing : 1/13/2023

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

NOTE: The information on this SDS is based on data which is considered to be accurate. Baker Hughes, however, makes no guarantees or warranty, either expressed or implied of the accuracy or completeness of this information.

The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of this product.

This SDS was prepared and is to be used for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.